UNIVERSITY OF JAFFNA, SRI LANKA FIRST EXAMINATION FOR MEDICAL DEGREES –November- 2014 Physiology: Paper II

Date: 14.11.2014

Time: 03 hours

ANSWER ALL THE TEN QUESTIONS

1.	State the changes observed in the following in a person with anaemia due to intravascular haemolysis and describe their physiological basis: 1.1. Colour of the urine 1.2. Reticulocyte count 1.3. MCHC 1.4. Colour of the feces	(25 Marks) (25 Marks) (25 Marks) (25 Marks)
2.	Describe the risks/problems in the following conditions and their physiological basis. 2.1. Hyperventilation 2.2. Deep sea diving 2.3. Tension pneumothorax	(30 Marks) (35 Marks) (35 Marks)
3.	Describe the following: 3.1. Factors affecting venous return 3.2. Factors affecting peripheral resistance	(50 Marks) (50 Marks)
4.	Describe the regulation of, 4.1. Coronary circulation 4.2. Cerebral circulation	(50 Marks) (50 Marks)
5.	Describe the physiological basis of the following in a patient with Cushing's disease: 5.1. Excessive pigmentation 5.2. Poor resistance to infection 5.3. Osteoporosis 5.4. Moon face and thin limbs	(25 Marks) (25 Marks) (25 Marks) (25 Marks)
6.	6.1. Describe the regulation of acid secretion in stomach6.2. Describe how stomach is protected from acid	(60 Marks) (40 Marks)

7.	7.1. Who for 7.2. Wh	he physiological basis of the following: nen a healthy person is prevented from eating and drinking 3 days, the urine output was around 400 ml/day nen a dehydrated person is given injection of Furosemide, he 1 pass large amounts of dilute urine	(50 Marks) (50 Marks)
8.	8.1. Ere 8.2. Ov	he regulation of the following: ection in genitals ulation sence of menstruation in pregnancy	(30 Marks) (40 Marks) (30 Marks)
9.	9.1. Old rus. 9.2. Old wh 9.3. Mu	he physiological basis of the following: I people may feel faintish when they get up from bed in a h. I people with lesion in basal ganglia have high risk of falling ile walking Iltiple fracture of bones in road traffic accident (with nimal bleeding) may result in hypotension	(35 Marks) (30 Marks) (35 Marks)
10.	10.1. Rec 10.2. Old 10.3. A	he physiological basis of the following: d objects are not seen when illumination is very low d people with stiff joints are likely to have hearing loss person was seated in a revolving chair and rotated for 2 nutes. When the rotation was stopped suddenly, the person t as rotating in the opposite direction.	(30 Marks) (30 Marks) (40 Marks)