



expression pattern of mutants exhibited that the mutants were isogenic variants of the parent strain and out-performance of the mutants could be attributed to changes in the genetic make up. This work represented the first report of strain improvement in *Alternaria* for hyper activity of α -amylase enzyme and suggested that this fungus could be used to extract purified enzyme.

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Single Step Purification of α -Amylase Produced by *Bacillus licheniformis* ATCC 6346 using DEAE-Sepharose

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This study was aimed at the purification of α -amylase produced by *Bacillus licheniformis* ATCC 6346 in fermentation medium at 42°C and at 100rpm. The fermentation medium contained (g L⁻¹) soluble starch, 4.0; (NH₄)₂SO₄, 5.0; peptone, 6.0; FeCl₃, 0.01; MgCl₂.6H₂O, 0.01; CaCl₂.2H₂O, 0.01; KH₂PO₄, 4.0 and K₂HPO₄, 7.5. α -Amylase activity in the spent medium was 37.5 Uml⁻¹ at 48h (The enzyme activity was measured at 85°C, pH 7.0 and for 5 minutes) and the specific activity of the spent medium was 21.18 Umg⁻¹. The enzyme was purified using fractional precipitation with (NH₄)₂SO₄ and the maximum specific activity of 65.54 Umg⁻¹ was obtained with 50% saturation of (NH₄)₂SO₄. The recovery of α -amylase from the spent medium by (NH₄)₂SO₄ precipitation was 66.6%. Further purification of (NH₄)₂SO₄ precipitated enzyme was done using DEAE-Sepharose column [Bed volume 5 x 1 cm (3.92ml)] equilibrated with 0.01M Tris buffer (pH 8.0). The bound proteins were eluted with a linear gradient of 0-0.8 M NaCl in the same buffer. The specific activity of 173.8 Umg⁻¹ with 7.5% recovery of α -amylase was obtained by this ion exchange purification method. The enzyme sample purified by ion-exchange chromatography was separated by sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. The Electropherograms showed a single band for the purified enzyme. The apparent molecular weight was calculated as 55.54 kDa.

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