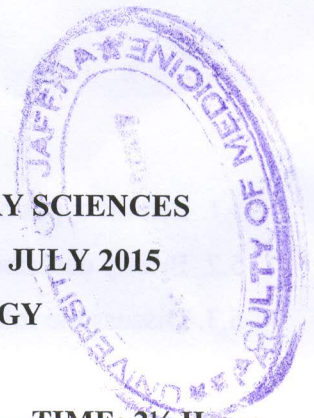


UNIVERSITY OF JAFFNA, SRI LANKA
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES
THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION- JULY 2015
MLSCH 3203 CLINICAL HISTOTECHNOLOGY
PAPER II



DATE: 27.07.2015

TIME: 2½ Hours

ANSWER ALL EIGHT QUESTIONS

1.
 - 1.1. Briefly describe the characteristic features of the sample collection container for histopathology. (20 marks)
 - 1.2. Describe the factors you would consider on setting up a new cut up room in a histology laboratory. (40 marks)
 - 1.3. Briefly explain the duties of a Medical Laboratory Technologist in sample receiving counter for histopathology. (40 marks)

2.
 - 2.1. Define the term “fixation” in histotechnology. (10 marks)
 - 2.2. What are the properties of an ideal fixative? (30 marks)
 - 2.3. State the mechanism of action of formalin in tissue fixation. (20 marks)
 - 2.4. Enumerate the advantages and disadvantages of formalin fixative. (40 marks)

3. Write short notes on
 - 3.1. Profile of microtome knife. (30 marks)
 - 3.2. Automatic knife sharpening. (30 marks)
 - 3.3. Decalcification. (40 marks)

4.
 - 4.1. Briefly describe “Progressive” and “Regressive” staining. (30 marks)
 - 4.2. Discuss the 3 main types of dyes used in staining procedure by giving examples. (70 marks)

5.
 - 5.1. List the types of microtomes used in clinical histotechnology. (20 marks)
 - 5.2. Briefly describe the basic features and uses of each mentioned in 5.1. (60 marks)
 - 5.3. Discuss the role of water bath in histology laboratory (20 marks)

6.
 - 6.1. List three reagents and their uses that are used in tissue processing. (20 marks)
 - 6.2. Briefly explain the steps in automatic tissue processor and give examples of reagents used in each step. (60 marks)
 - 6.3. What are the common problems of bad processing? (20 marks)

7. Write short notes on following and give examples where necessary
 - 7.1. Vital staining. (25 marks)
 - 7.2. Metachromatic staining. (25 marks)
 - 7.3. Mordant. (25 marks)
 - 7.4. Accentuators. (25 marks)

8.
 - 8.1. Describe the steps in cytopreparatory techniques. (40 marks)
 - 8.2. Briefly describe the factors affecting optimal cytological preparation. (30 marks)
 - 8.3. Discuss the advantages of Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology (FNAC). (30 marks)