



**UNIVERSITY OF JAFFNA**  
**BACHELOR OF PHARMACY**  
**THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION – JULY 2015**  
**PHAHP 3204 HOSPITAL PHARMACY**

**Date: 20.07.2015.**

**Time: 03 Hours**

**ANSWER ALL EIGHT QUESTIONS.**

**Answer parts A, B and C in separate answer books.**

**PART A**

1.
  - 1.1 List the drug distribution systems used for in-patients in hospitals. (20 Marks)
  - 1.2 Briefly describe the drug distribution systems listed in 1.1. (80 Marks)
2.
  - 2.2 List the members of Hospital Drugs and Therapeutic Committee. (30 Marks)
  - 2.3 Explain the functions of Hospital Drug and Therapeutic Committee? (70 Marks)
3. Describe the functions of hospital pharmacy. (100 Marks)
4. Write an account on
  - 4.1 cold chain. (60 Marks)
  - 4.2 criteria for selecting hospitals for development. (40 Marks)
5.
  - 5.1 Describe the various resources used in the drug information centre? (30 Marks)
  - 5.2 Explain the steps in responding to drug information queries. (70 Marks)

**PART B**

6.
  - 6.1 What types of records are kept in hospitals? (20 Marks)
  - 6.2 Differentiate the primary and secondary sources of records. (20 Marks)
  - 6.3 What are the purposes for maintaining medical records in hospitals. (20 Marks)
  - 6.4 List the documents that should be preserved in a hospital. Give reasons. (40 Marks)

## PART C

- 7.
- 7.1 List the methods of production of radionuclides used in nuclear medicine and give an example for each method. (30 Marks)
  - 7.2 Explain the “radiation exposure” with the help of the principle of free air ionization chamber. (30 Marks)
  - 7.3 7.3.1 Distinguish between equivalent dose and effective dose in radiation protection. (20 Marks)
  - 7.3.2 Give the values of
    - 7.3.2.1 permissible level of equivalent radiation dose for eye lens and skin. (10 Marks)
    - 7.3.2.2 the effective dose for a general public in a year. (10 Marks)
- 8.
- 8.1 8.1.1 What is meant by “biological half life of radio nuclide”. (10 Marks)
  - 8.1.2 Briefly describe the features of the radionuclide “Technetium-99m” used as radiopharmaceuticals in nuclear medicine imaging. (35 Marks)
  - 8.2 Discuss the importance of “fluorodeoxyglucose (FDG)” in Positron Emission Tomography (PET) imaging. (35 Marks)
  - 8.3 List the specific requirements of ideal tracer. (20 Marks)